

# **Safety Data Sheet**

Titebond 231 Acrylic Wood Flooring Adhesive

### Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Titebond 231 Acrylic Wood Flooring Adhesive
Physical state	: Liquid.
Address	: Franklin International 2020 Bruck Street Columbus OH 43207
Contact person	: Franklin Technical Services
Telephone	: (800) 877-4583
In case of emergency	: Franklin Security (614) 445-1300
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: SDS@FranklinInternational.com
Reference number	: 3639
Product code	: 3919
Date of revision	: 11/14/2022
Safety Data Sheets are available online at	: www.FranklinInternational.com
Chemtrec (24 Hour)	: (800) 424 - 9300
Chemtrec International	: +1 703-741-5970
Chemical family	Adhesive.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Not applicable	

Not applicable.

### Uses advised against

Not applicable.

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	:
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Suspected of causing cancer.
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver) (inhalation)
Precautionary statements	

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture		
Other means of identification	: Not available.		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
xylene		≤3	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene		≤0.3	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary f	irst a	id measures
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms	/effec	cts, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

### Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First ald measures			
Eye contact	: This product may irritate eyes upon contact.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>		
Eye contact	: No specific data.		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		
See toxicological information	on (Section 11)		

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without a Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotect entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator whe inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment	cted personnel from breathing vapor or mist. en ventilation is	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the ir emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with s and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has o pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Data of issue/Data of revision	11/14/2022	Varaian : 2 2/1	

ate of issue/Date of revision	: 11/14/2022	

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 4.4 to 34.6°C (39.9 to 94.3°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [xylene]TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).[Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 655 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).[Xylenes]TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices**

Ingredient name		Exposure indices
xylene		ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2022) [XYLENES] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
ethylbenzene		ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2022) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Appropriate engineering controls		es, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, ineering controls to keep worker exposure to ommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of	ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process equipment s to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	sures	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavato Appropriate techniques should be use	oughly after handling chemical products, before ry and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necessa gases or dusts. If contact is possible	proved standard should be used when a risk ry to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, , the following protection should be worn, unless gree of protection: safety glasses with side-
Skin protection		
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chen necessary. Considering the paramet during use that the gloves are still ret noted that the time to breakthrough for	s complying with an approved standard should be nical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ers specified by the glove manufacturer, check aining their protective properties. It should be or any glove material may be different for different mixtures, consisting of several substances, the be accurately estimated.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Ingradiant name	mm Ha	kPa	Mothod	mm Ha		Mothod
	1	anor Pres	sure at 20°C	V	anor press	sure at 50°C
Vapor pressure	:					
Volatility	: 21.17%	6 (w/w)				
VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)	: 43.77 g	g/I				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not ava	ailable.				
Flammability	: Not ava	ailable.				
Evaporation rate	: >1 (but	tyl acetate :	= 1)			
Flash point	: Closed	l cup: >93.3	8°C (>199.9°F) [Seta	flash] [Produc	t does not :	sustain combustion.]
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 100°C	(212°F)				
Melting point/freezing point	: Not ava					
рН	: 6 to 8					
Odor threshold	: Not ava	ailable.				
Odor	: Charac					
Color	: Beige.	[Light]				
Physical state	: Liquid.	[Paste.]				
<u>Appearance</u>						

Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
water	23.8	3.2					
Relative vapor density	: Not ava	ailable.	I			I	
Relative density	: 1.3340	3					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not ap	plicable.					
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not ap	plicable.					

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
,	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

### Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Eyes

Respiratory

Moderately irritating to eyes.Irritating to respiratory system.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Contains material which may cause birth defects.

Teratogenicity Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Titebond 231 Acrylic Wood	Flooring Adhesive	Category 2	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver
Aspiration hazard			·	
Product/ingredient name			Result	
ethylbenzene			ASPIRATION HAZA	RD - Category 1
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipa	ted: Oral, Dermal,	Inhalation, Eyes.	
Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>			
Eye contact	: This product may irritate	e eyes upon contac	ot.	
Inhalation	: No known significant eff	fects or critical haz	ards.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. M	lay cause skin dryr	ness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant ef	fects or critical haz	ards.	
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxico	ological character	<u>istics</u>	
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may irritation dryness cracking	y include the follow	ing:	
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effe	•	s from short and	long term exposure	
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health ef	fects			
Not available.				
General	: May cause damage to c Prolonged or repeated o dermatitis.			
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing causing causing causing causers.	ancer. Risk of can	icer depends on dura	tion and level of
Mutagenicity	: No known significant eff	fects or critical haz	ards.	
Date of issue/Date of revision :	11/14/2022			Version : 2 8/12

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
211 Wood Flooring Adhesive	268708.0	N/A	312451.2	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	N/A	5000	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours	
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene ethylbenzene	3.12 3.6	8.1 to 25.9 -	low low
Mobility in soil	·	•	

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

**DOT Classification** 

: **Reportable quantity** 6249 lbs / 2837.1 kg [561.81 gal / 2126.7 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### **U.S. Federal regulations**

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

				SARA 30	2 TPQ	SARA 30	04 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
vinyl acetate		≤0.3	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8
SARA 304 RQ	: 3223726.	6 lbs / 1463571.9 k	g [2898	324.7 gal /	1097105.7 L]	1	
<u>SARA 311/312</u>							
Classification	SPECIFIC	DGENICITY - Cate C TARGET ORGAI Defatting irritant		CITY (REP	EATED EXPO	SURE) - Ca	ategory 2
Composition/informa	ation on ingredient	t <u>s</u>					

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification	
xylene ethylbenzene	≤3 ≤0.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A HNOC - Defatting irritant FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	xylene	1330-20-7	≤3
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤0.3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3
Supplier notification	xylene	1330-20-7	≤3
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	≤0.3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

**New York** 

**New Jersey** 

**Pennsylvania** 

- Massachusetts
- : The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL; XYLENE: The following components are listed: Xylene mixed
- : The following components are listed: XYLENES; ETHYL BENZENE; VINYL ACETATE
  - : The following components are listed: BENZENE, DIMETHYL-

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylbenzene	Yes.	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

### Inventory list

### China

United States TSCA 8(b) inventory

: Not determined.

SCA 8(b) : All components are active or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification	
CARCINOGENICITY - Cate SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA	Expert judgment Expert judgment	
History		
Date of printing	: 11/14/2022	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/14/2022	
Date of previous issue	: 11/14/2022	
Version	: 2	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Preven as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = ma UN = United Nations	befficient tion of Pollution From Ships, 1973
References	: Not available.	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.